
A Generic Retrieval Package for Land Parameters applied to Surface Albedo Products

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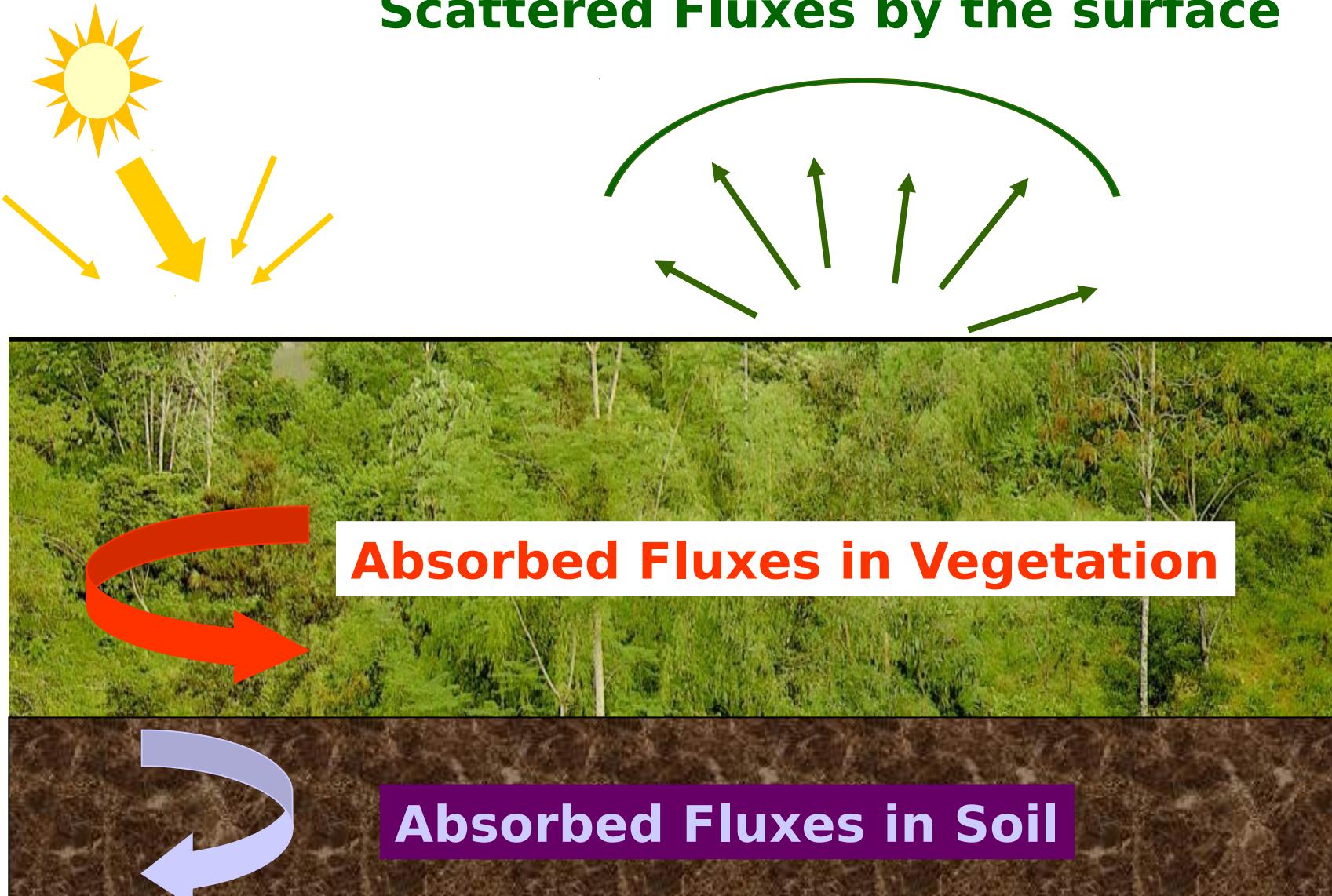
Outline

Twostream

Inverse Problem

Applications

Two-stream model to partition the Sun energy between the atmosphere, the vegetation and soil



Two-stream model parameters

- 3 (effective) parameters of the canopy:

Leaf Area Index

amount of leaf material

Canopy reflectance + transmittance

Canopy reflectance/transmittance

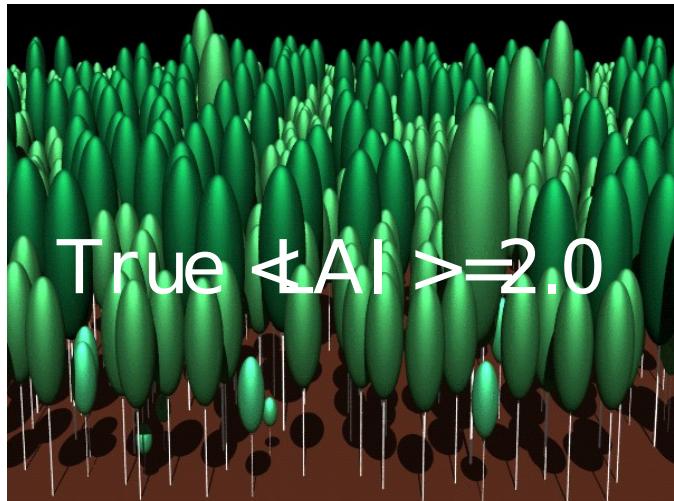
canopy color

- 1 (true) parameter of the background:

background Albedo

soil color

The concept of effective LAI



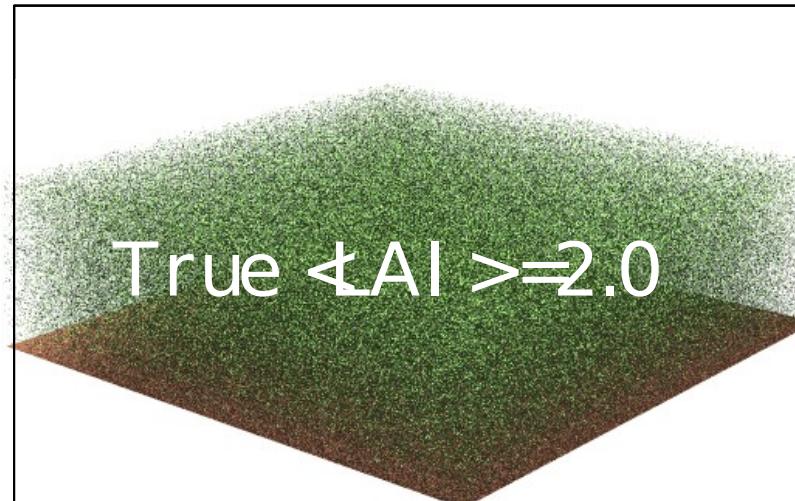
3-D heterogeneous system

Direct transmission at 30 degrees Sun zenith angle,

$$T_{3-D}^{direct}(<LAI>) = 0.596$$

$$T_{1-D}^{direct}(LAI^{eff}) = \exp\left(-\frac{LAI^{eff}}{2\mu_0}\right)$$

Can be observed in the field



1-D system representation

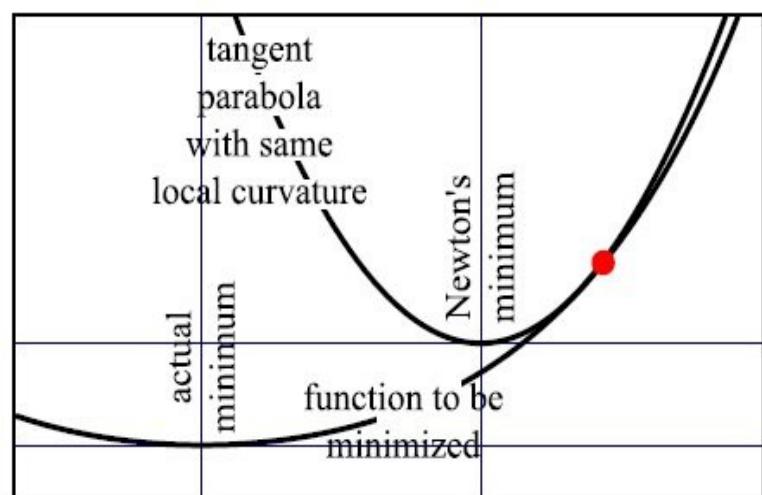
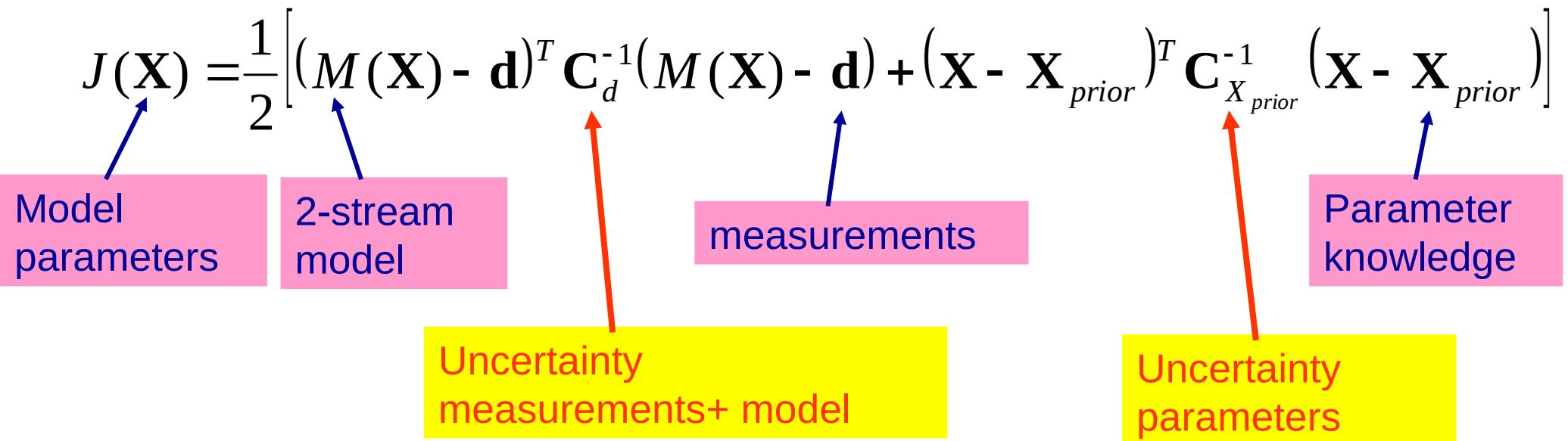
Direct transmission at 30 degrees Sun zenith angle,

$$T_{1-D}^{direct}(<LAI>) = \exp\left(-\frac{<LAI>}{2\mu_0}\right) = 0.312$$

$$T_{1-D}^{direct}(LAI^{eff}) = \exp\left(-\frac{<LAI>\xi(\mu_0)}{2\mu_0}\right) = T_{3-D}^{direct}(<LAI>)$$

Structure factor

JRC-TIP Inversion Algorithm

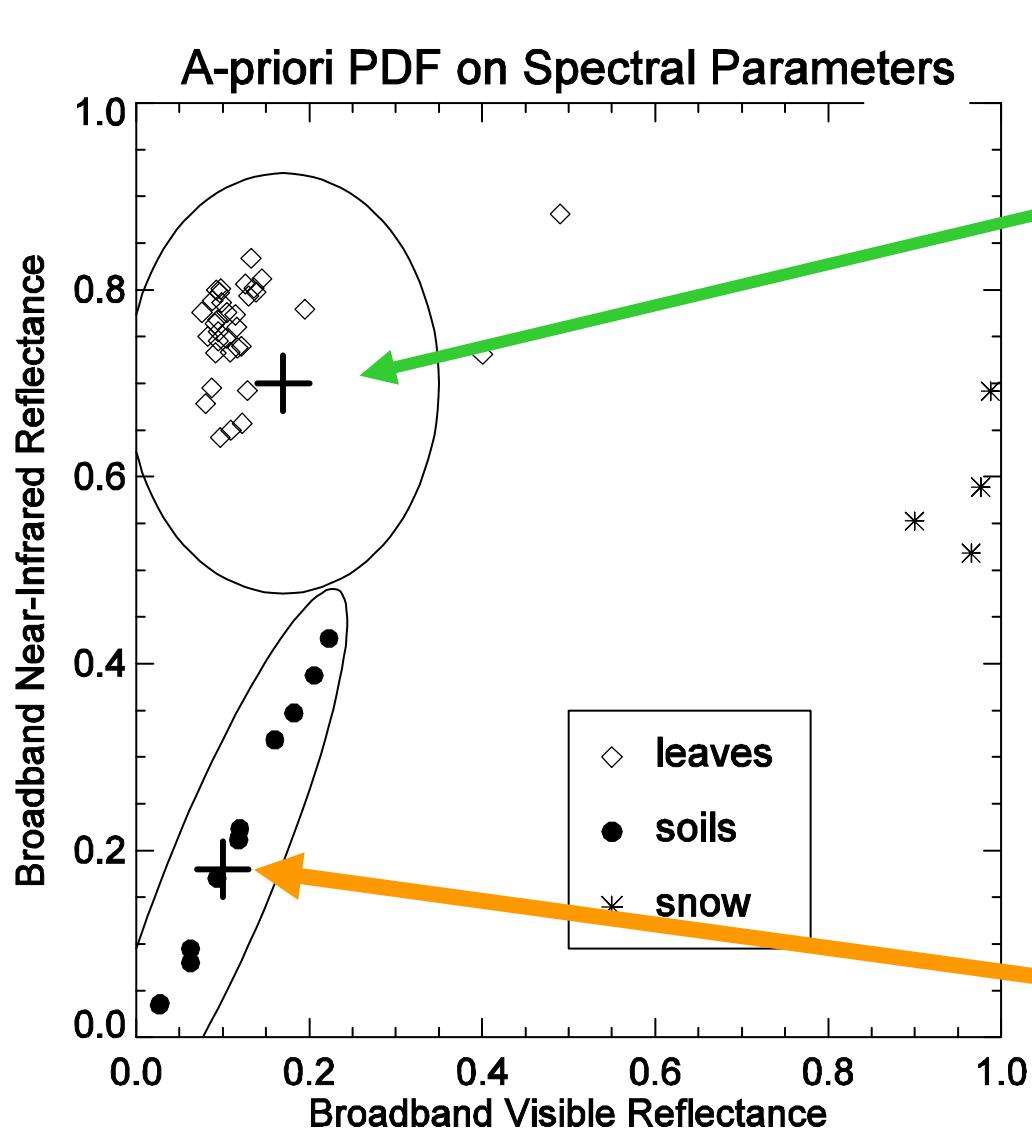


$$PDF(X) \approx \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} (X - X_{post})^T C_{X_{post}}^{-1} (X - X_{post}) \right)$$

a posteriori uncertainty covariance matrix

$$C_{post}^{Flux} = \mathbf{M}' \mathbf{C}_{X_{post}} \mathbf{M}'^T$$

prior knowledge on model parameters

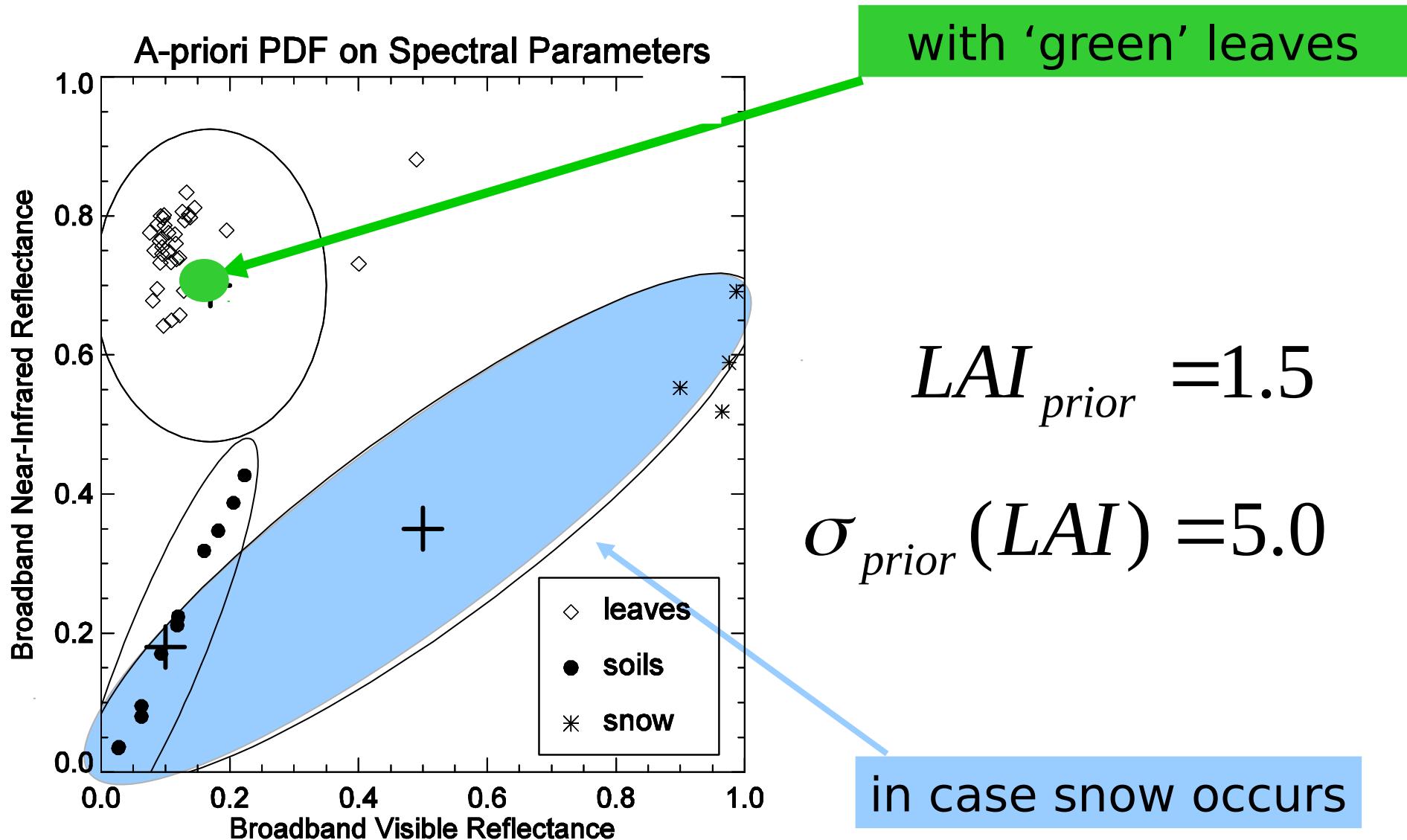


$$LAI_{prior} = 1.5$$

$$\sigma_{prior}(LAI) = 5.0$$

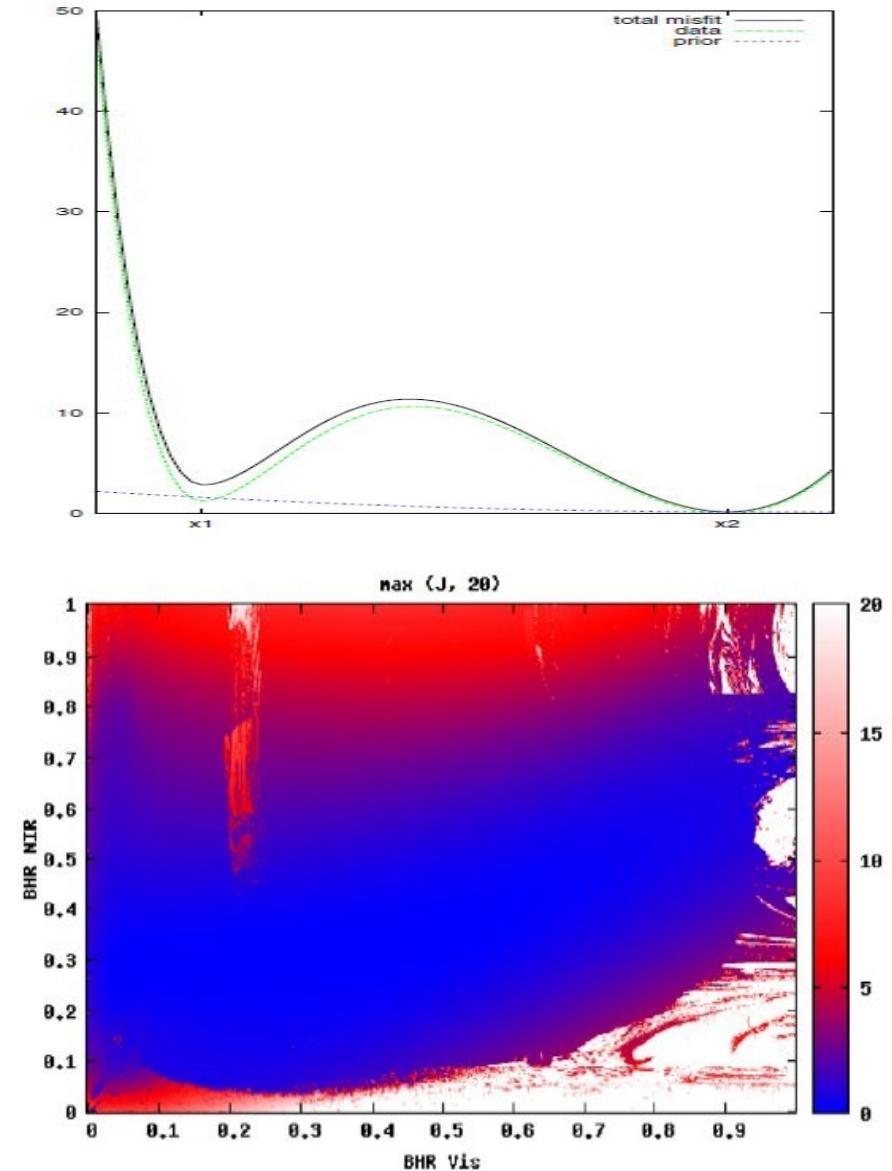


prior knowledge on model parameters



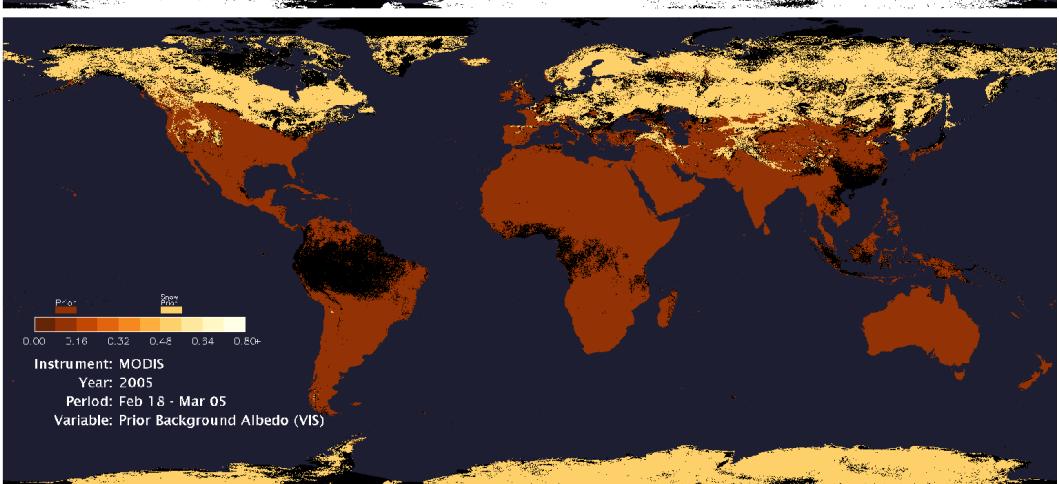
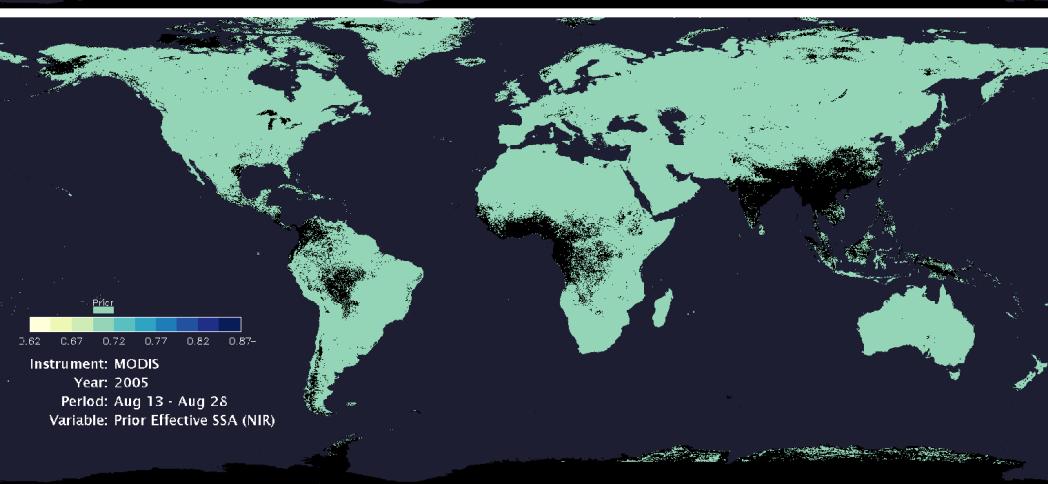
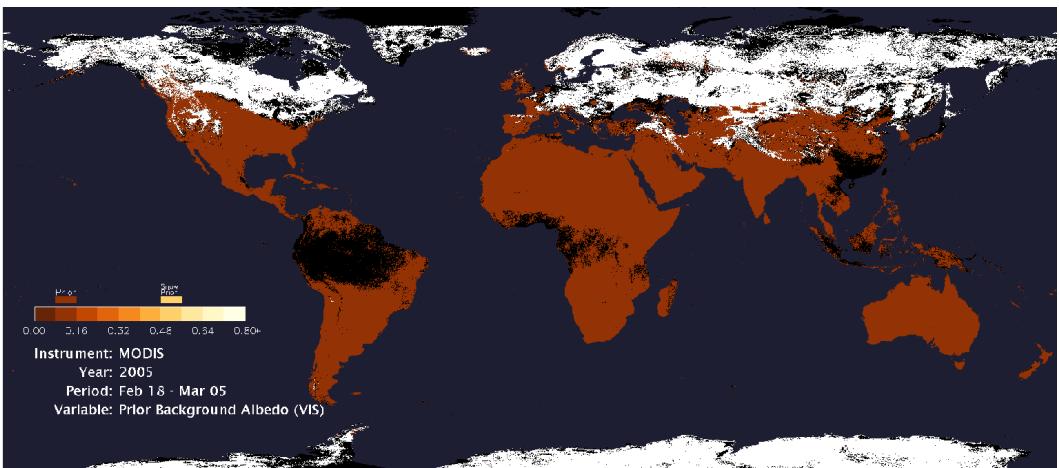
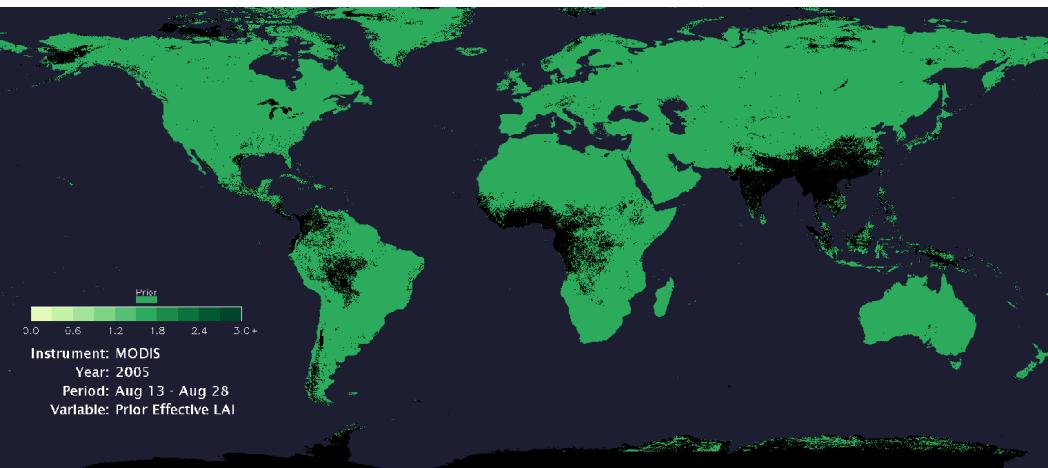
Setting up for operational processing

- Multiple starting points
- Smooth dependency of solutions on observed fluxes
 - Typical configuration:
Observed BHRs in two large wave bands (VIS and NIR)
- Compute table of solutions over fine discretisation of observation space
 - Efficiency and Robustness (reduction of # outliers)

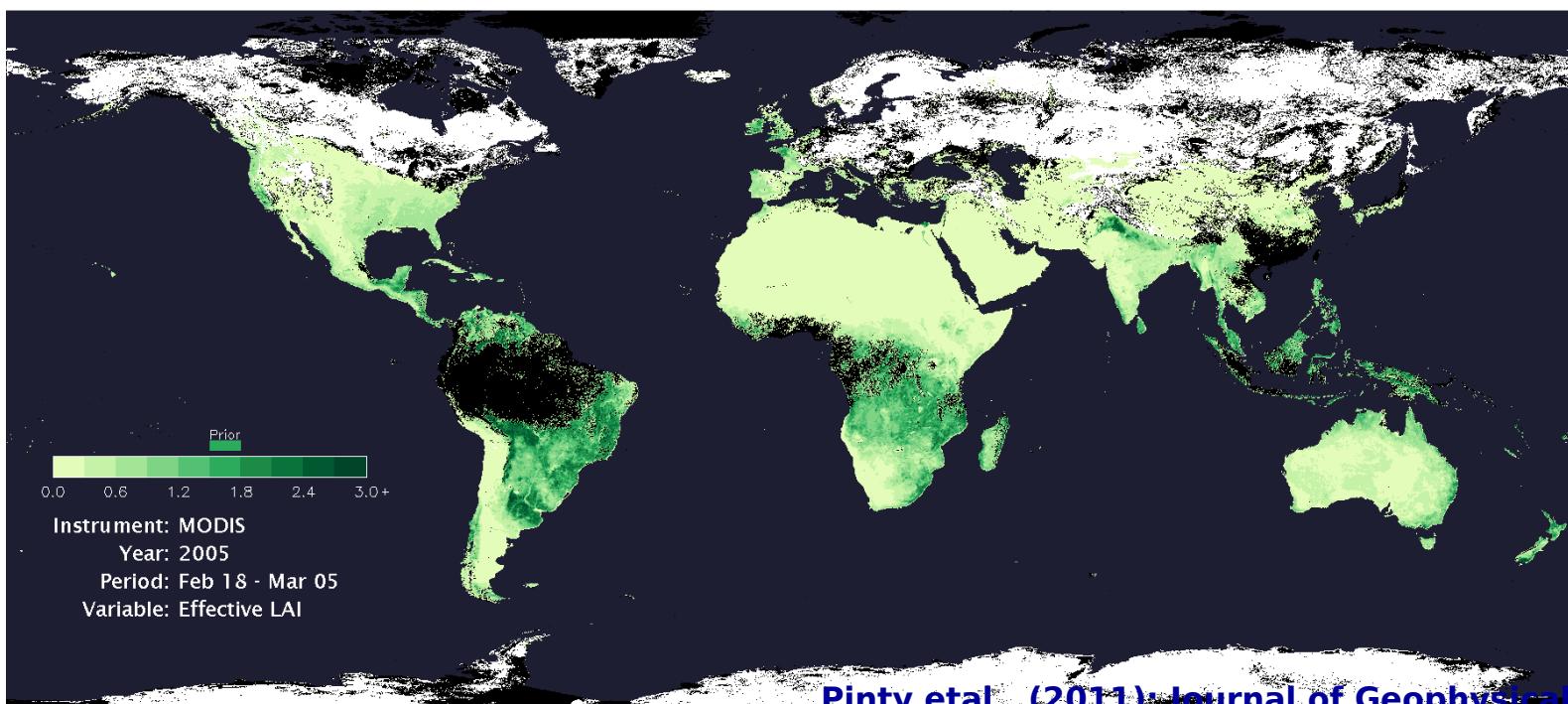
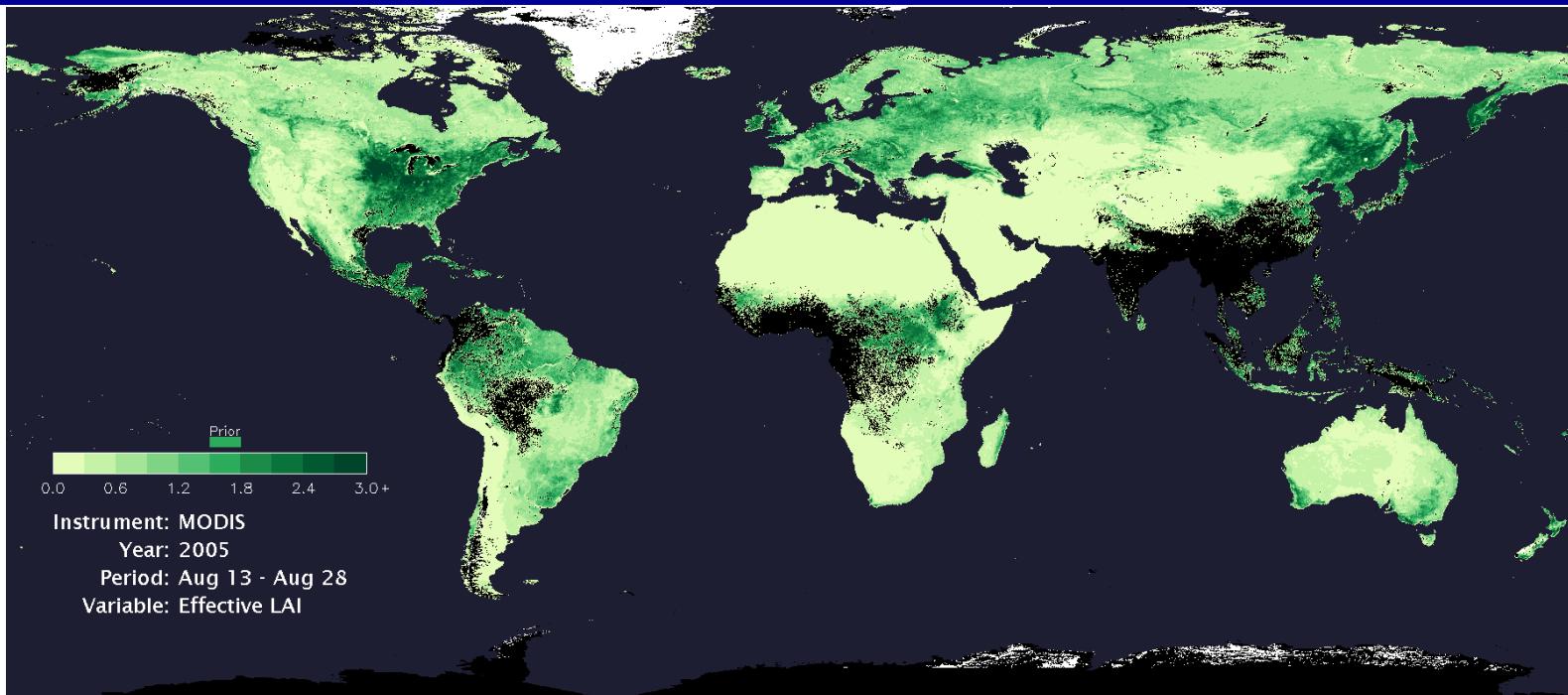


prior knowledge on model parameters

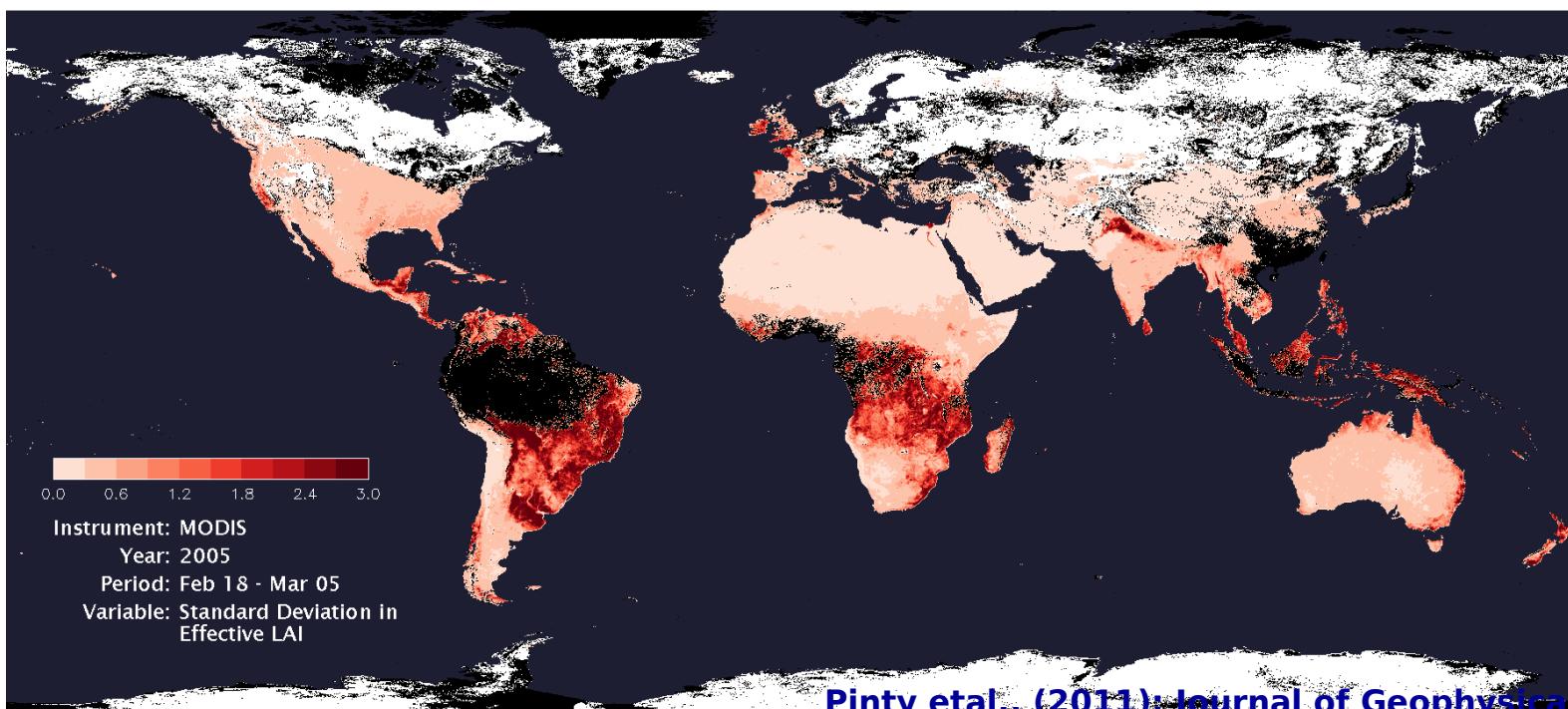
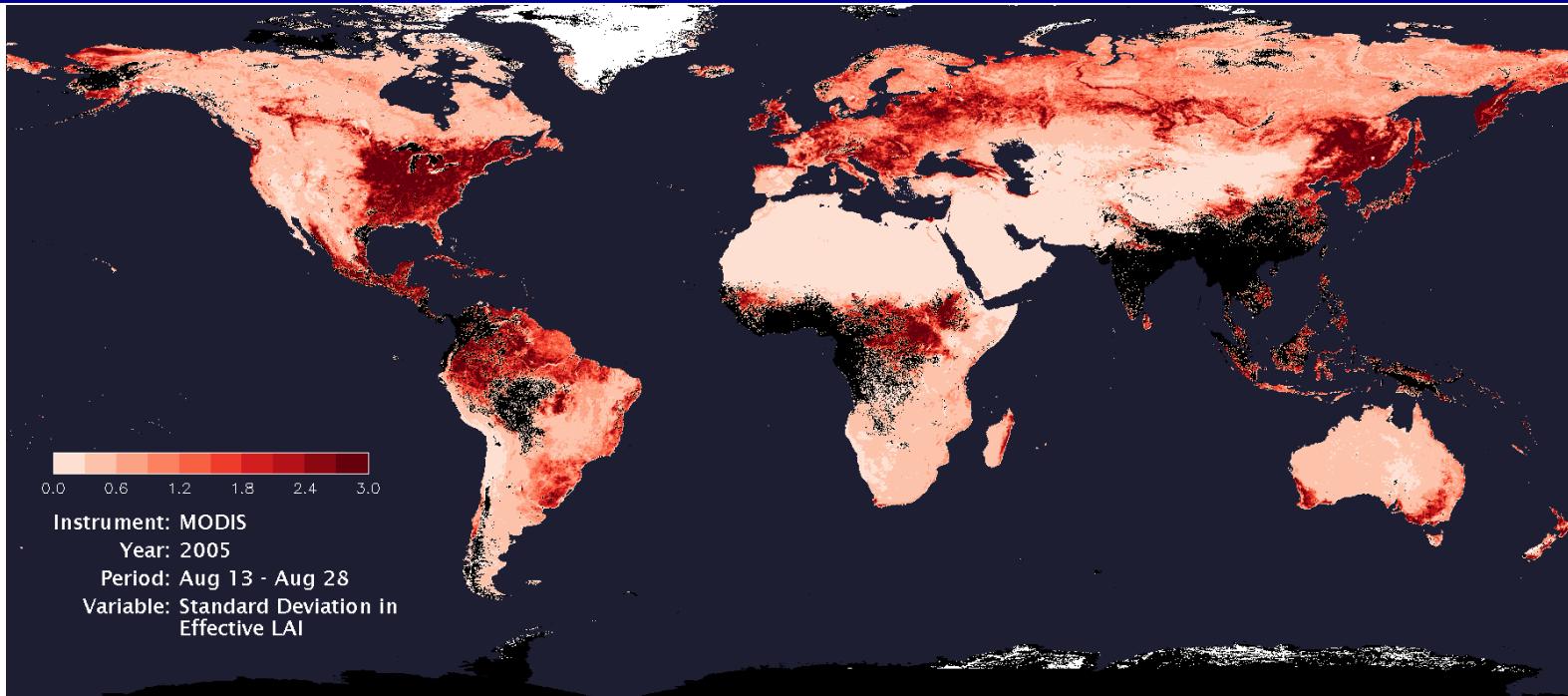
TIME and SPACE INVARIANT



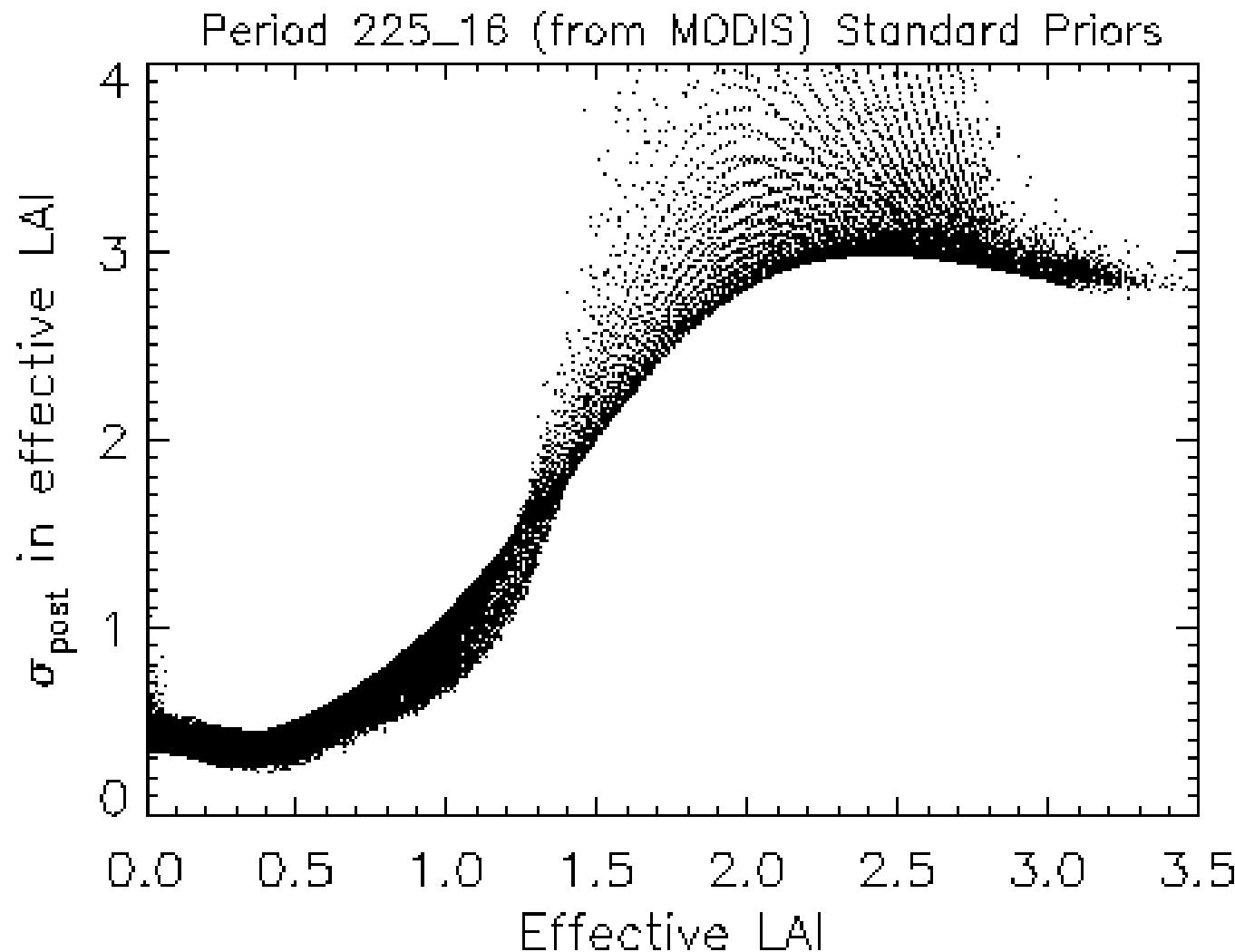
effective Leaf Area Index



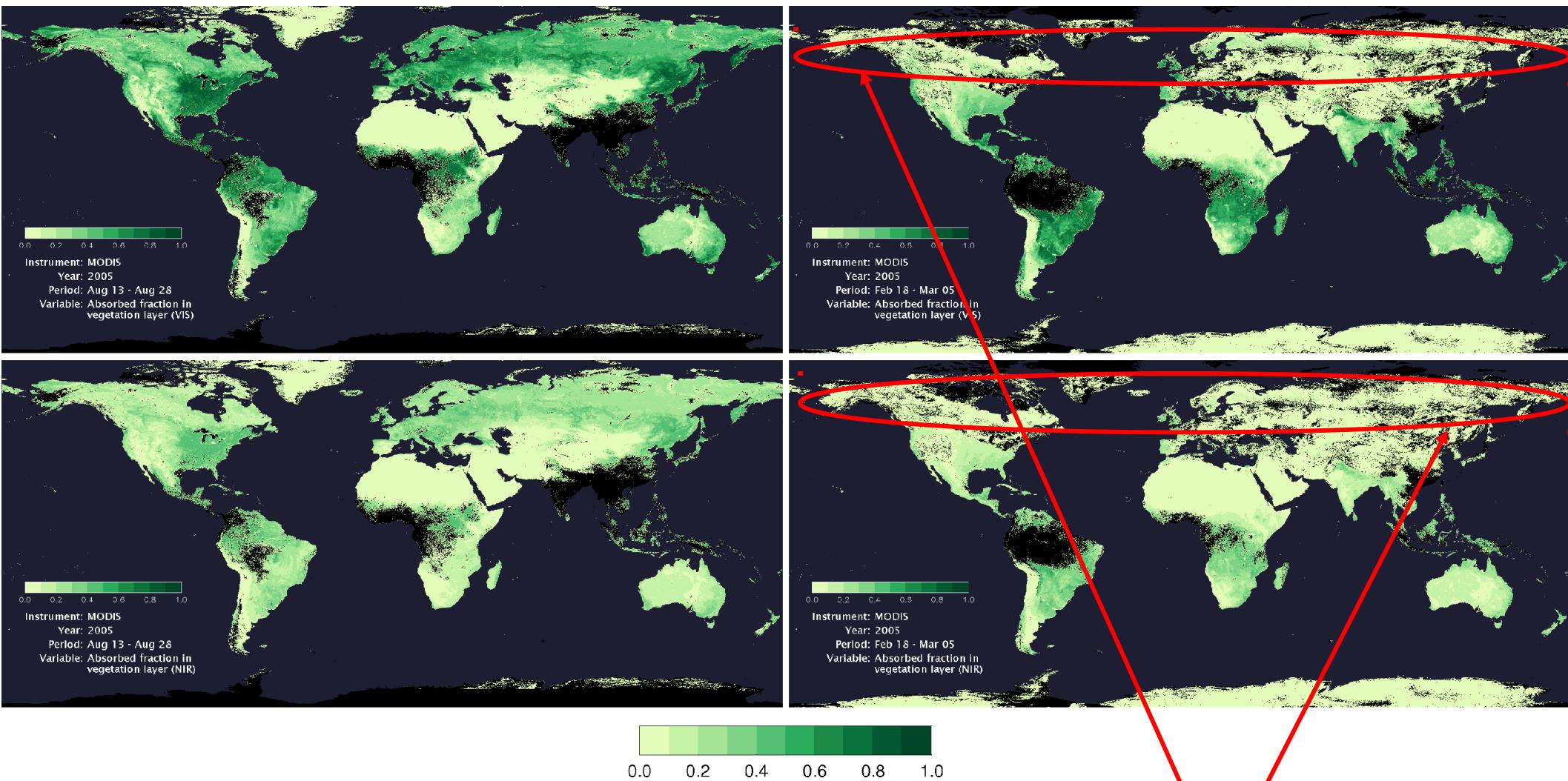
uncertainties in effective LAI



uncertainties in effective LAI (2)



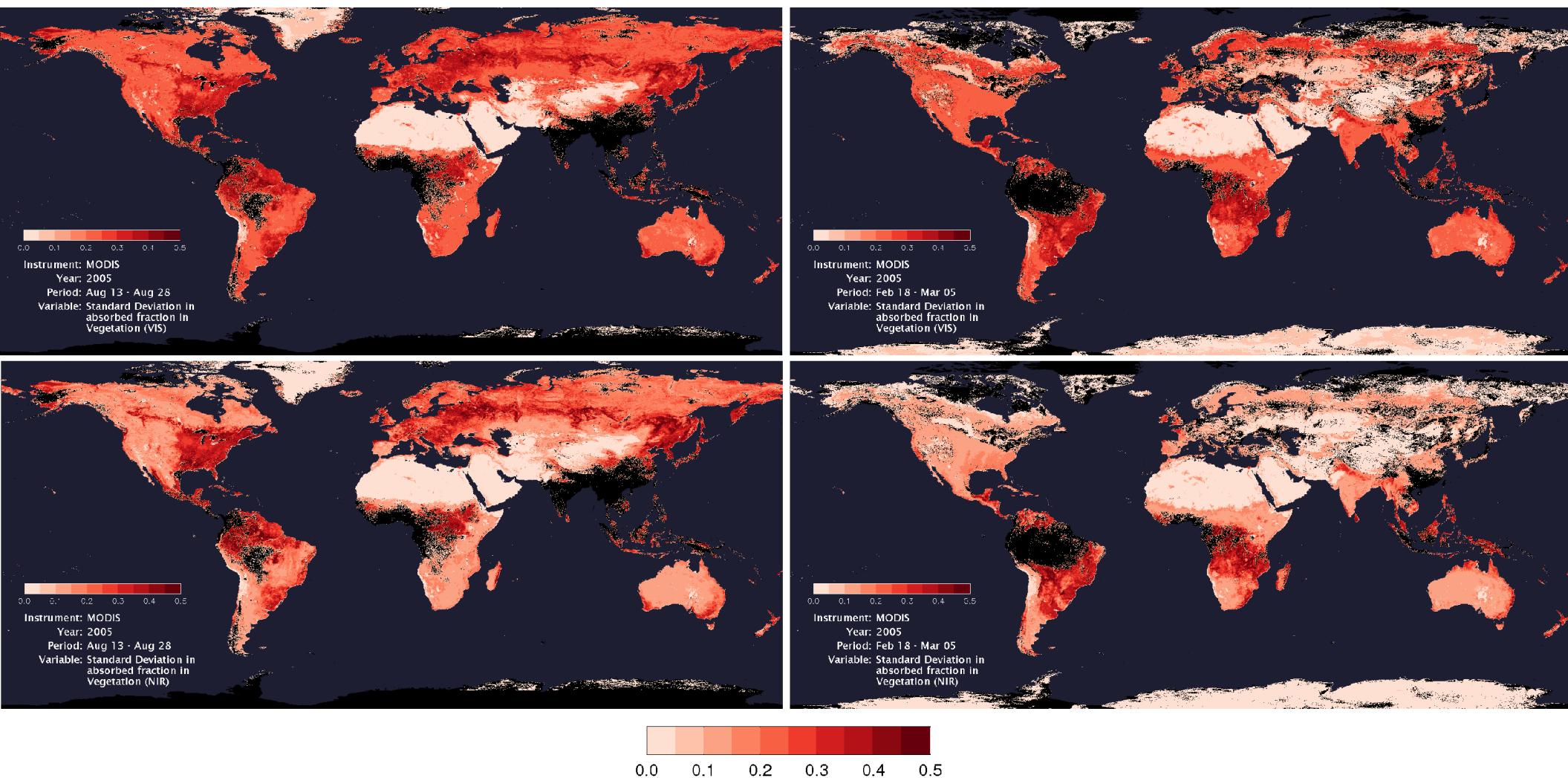
Examples of TIP generated products: Absorbed fraction in the VIS and NIR



snowy conditions

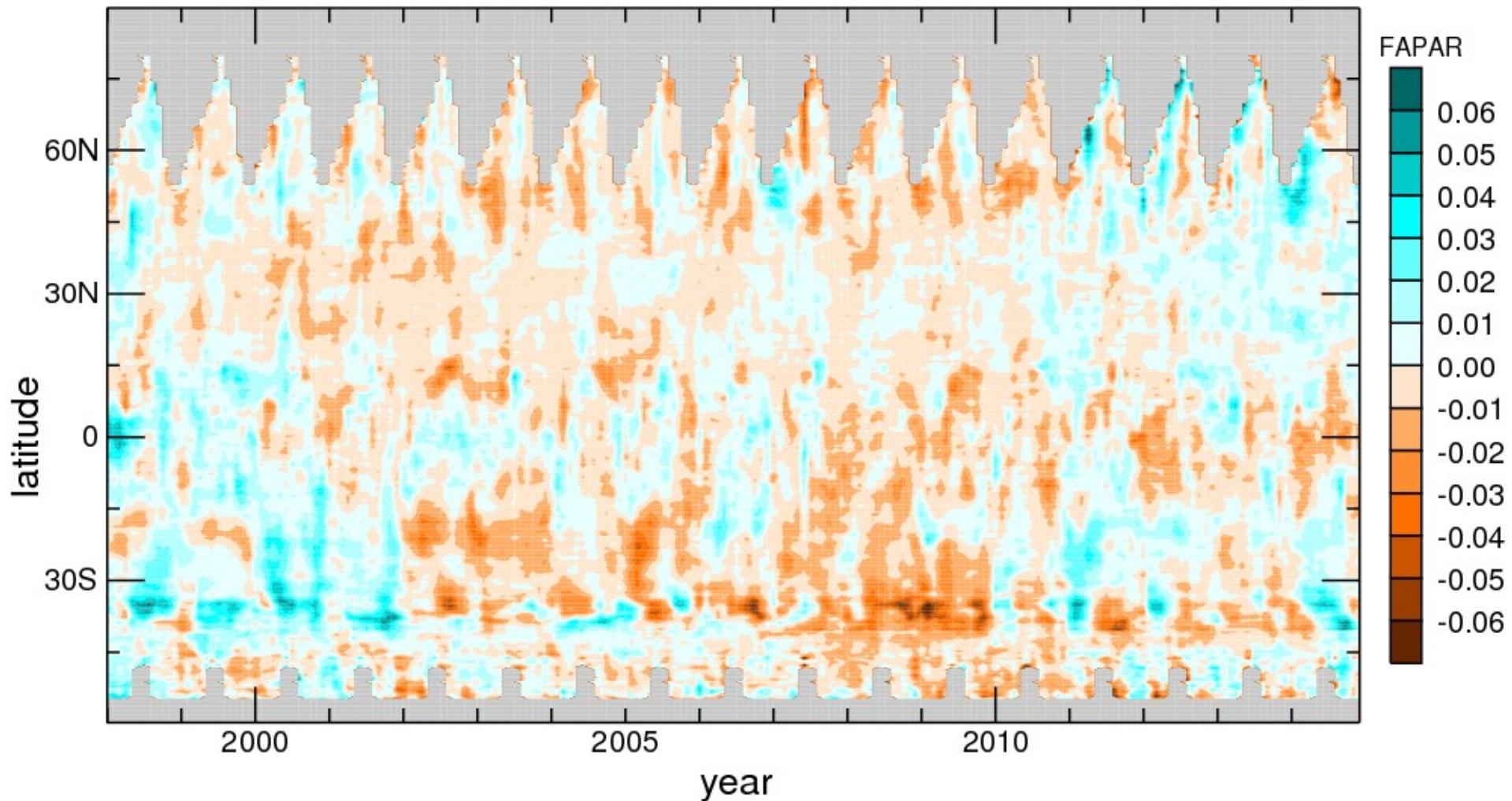
Pinty et al., (2011b): Journal of Geophysical Research

Examples of TIP generated products: Uncertainties on absorbed fractions

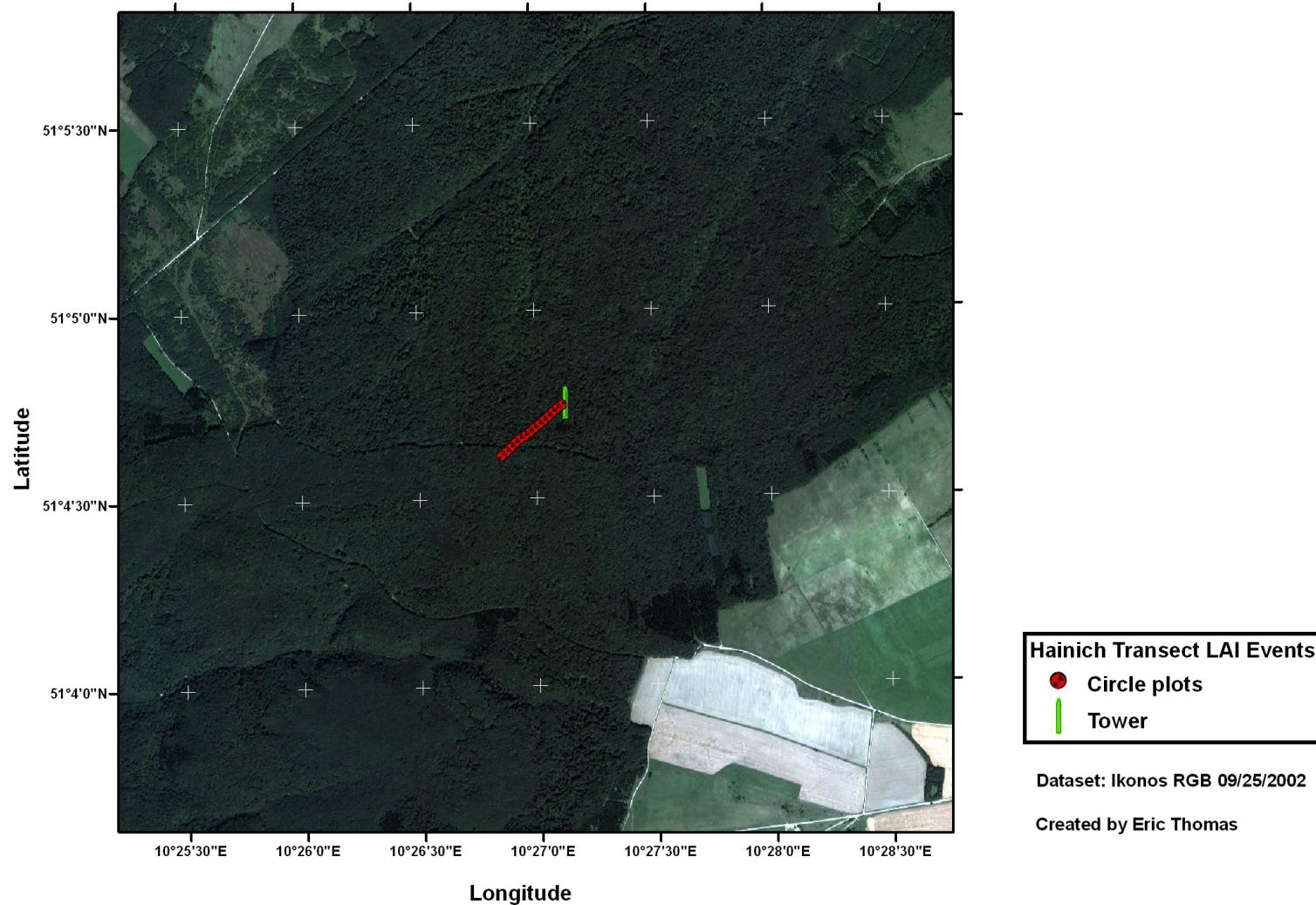


Complete set of TIP-JRC products from 2000-2014 available on demand

Zonally averaged monthly anomalies
Use of SeaWiFS, MERIS FAPAR and MODIS TIP ABSVIS (Green Assumption)

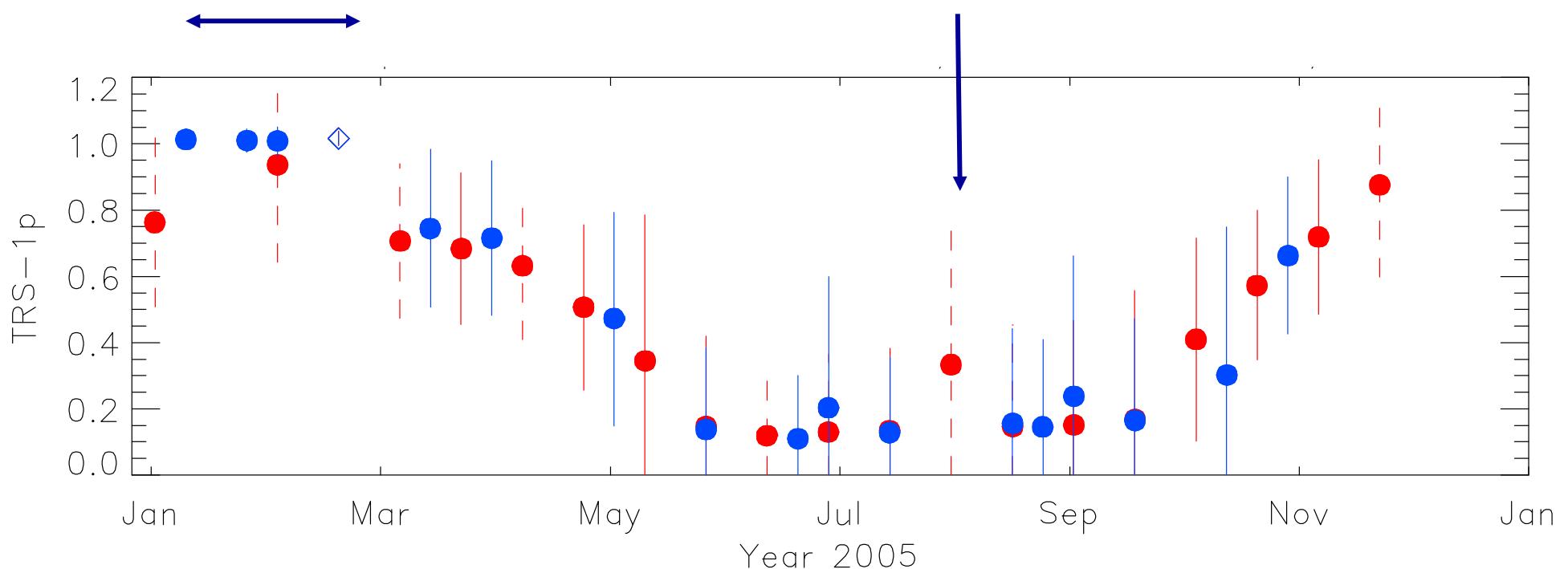


Validation over Hainich forest site

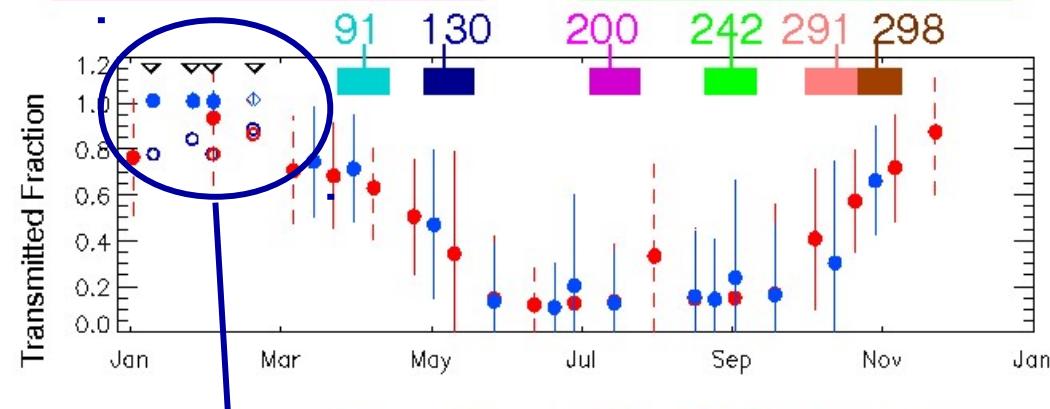


TIP transmission (VIS) from MODIS & MISR derived BHRs

Probable snow
contamination

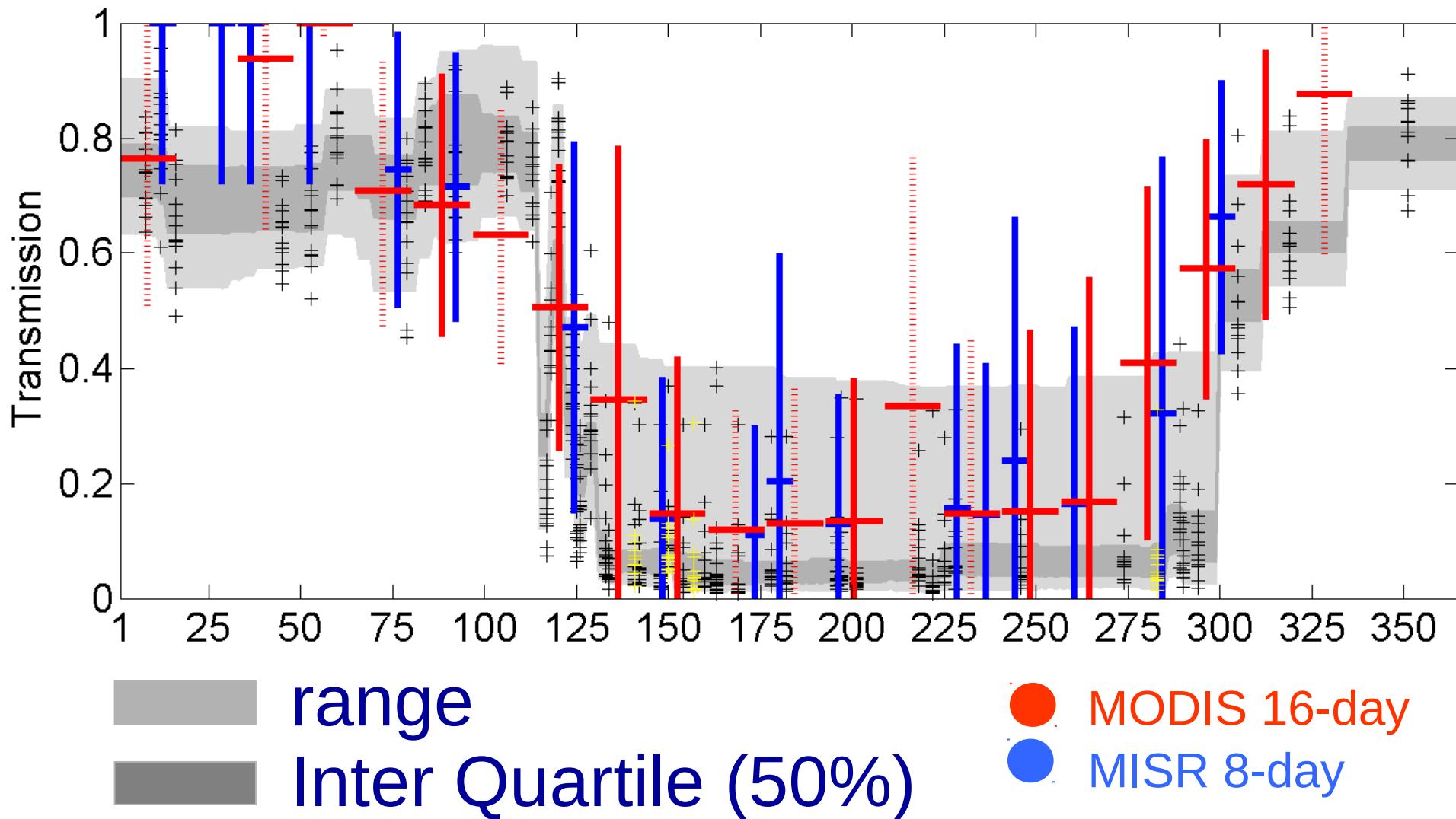


- MODIS 16-day
- MISR 8-day



assuming TIP prior conditions
associated with presence of
snow on the background

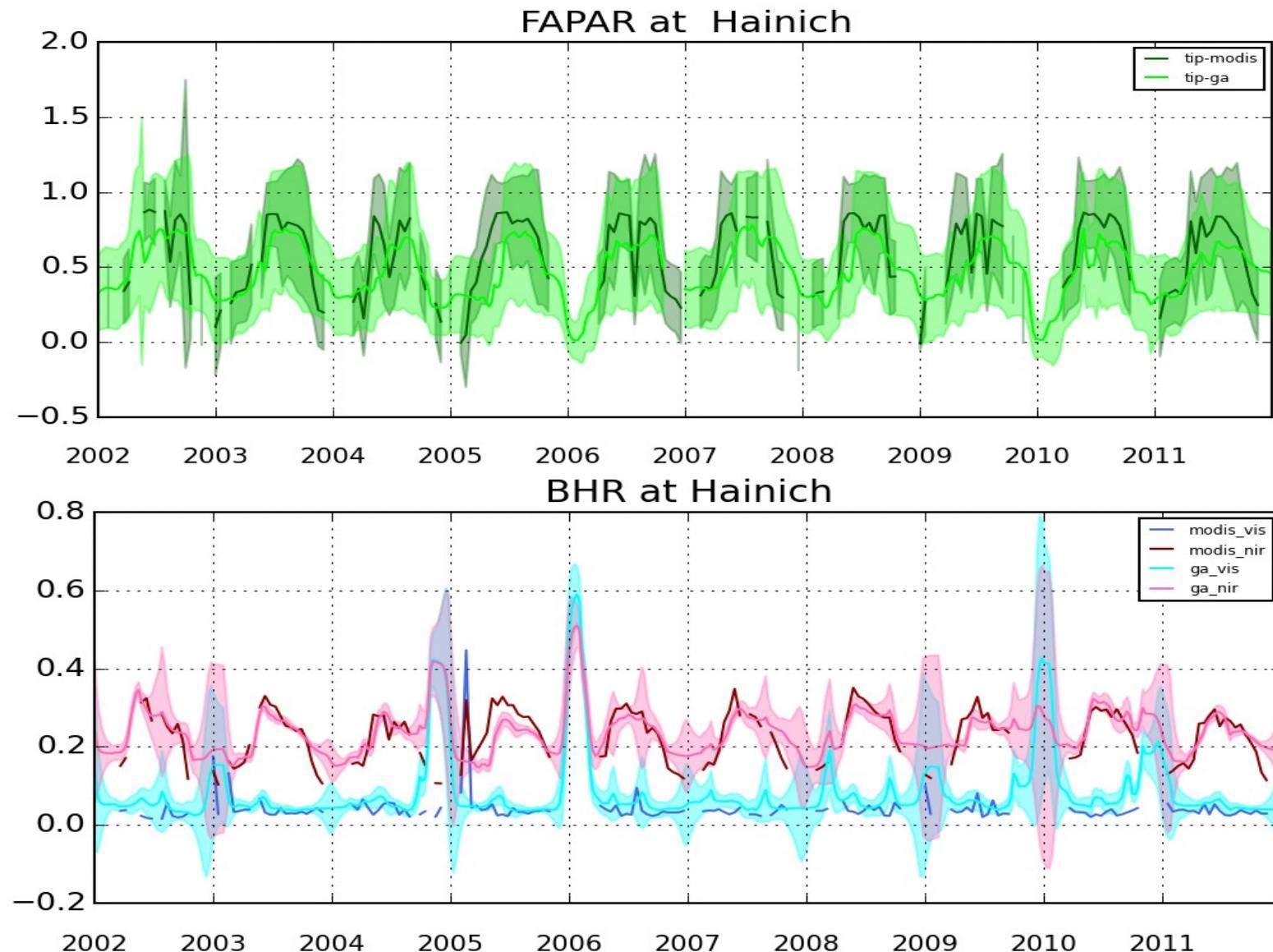
Comparison between TIP retrieved transmission and in-situ estimates



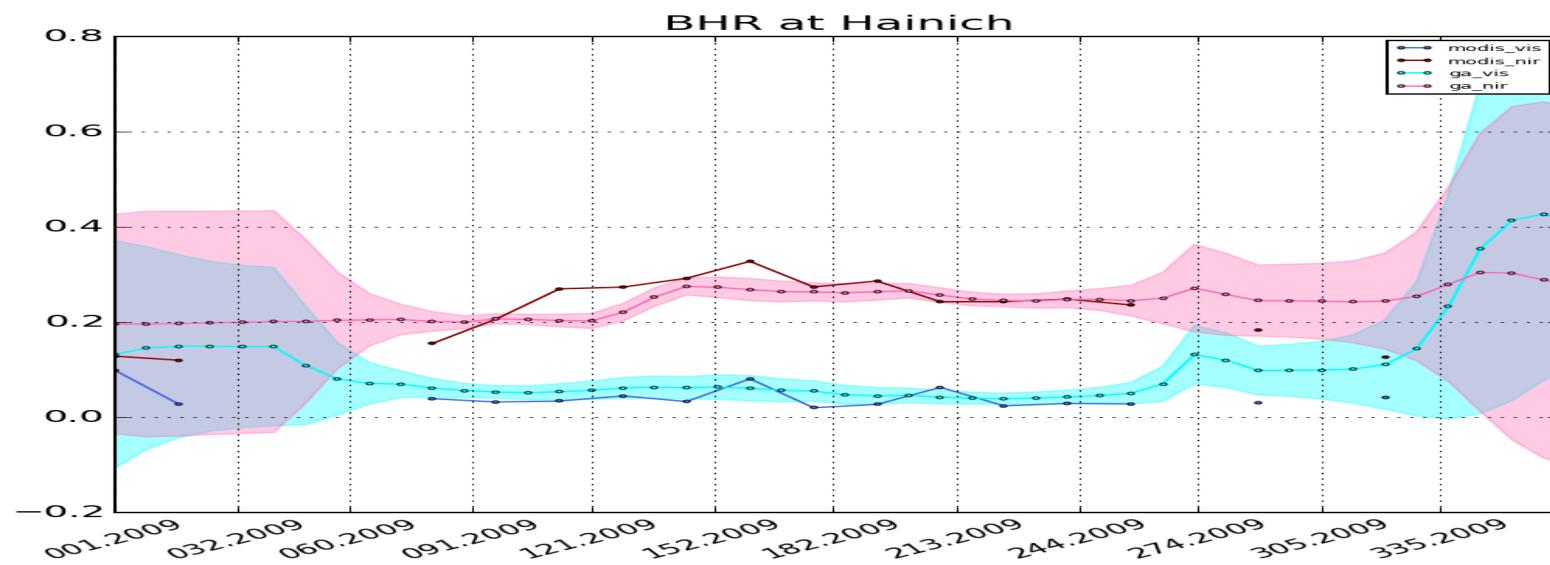
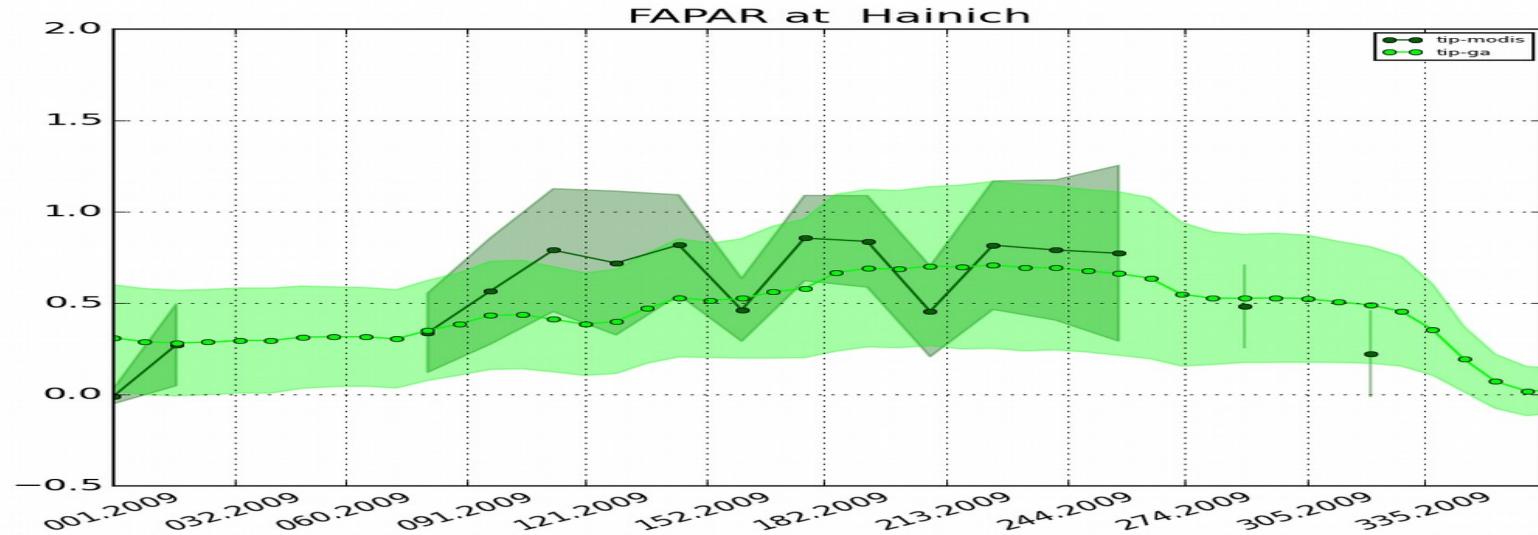
TIP on Globalbedo

- Albedo input to TIP based on MERIS, VEGETATION, and AATSR; MODIS used as prior
- 1km native resolution
- 2002-2011 globally, 8-day integrals
- using snow fraction
- uncertainty information used in very large bins
- LAI and FAPAR available on globalbedo.org

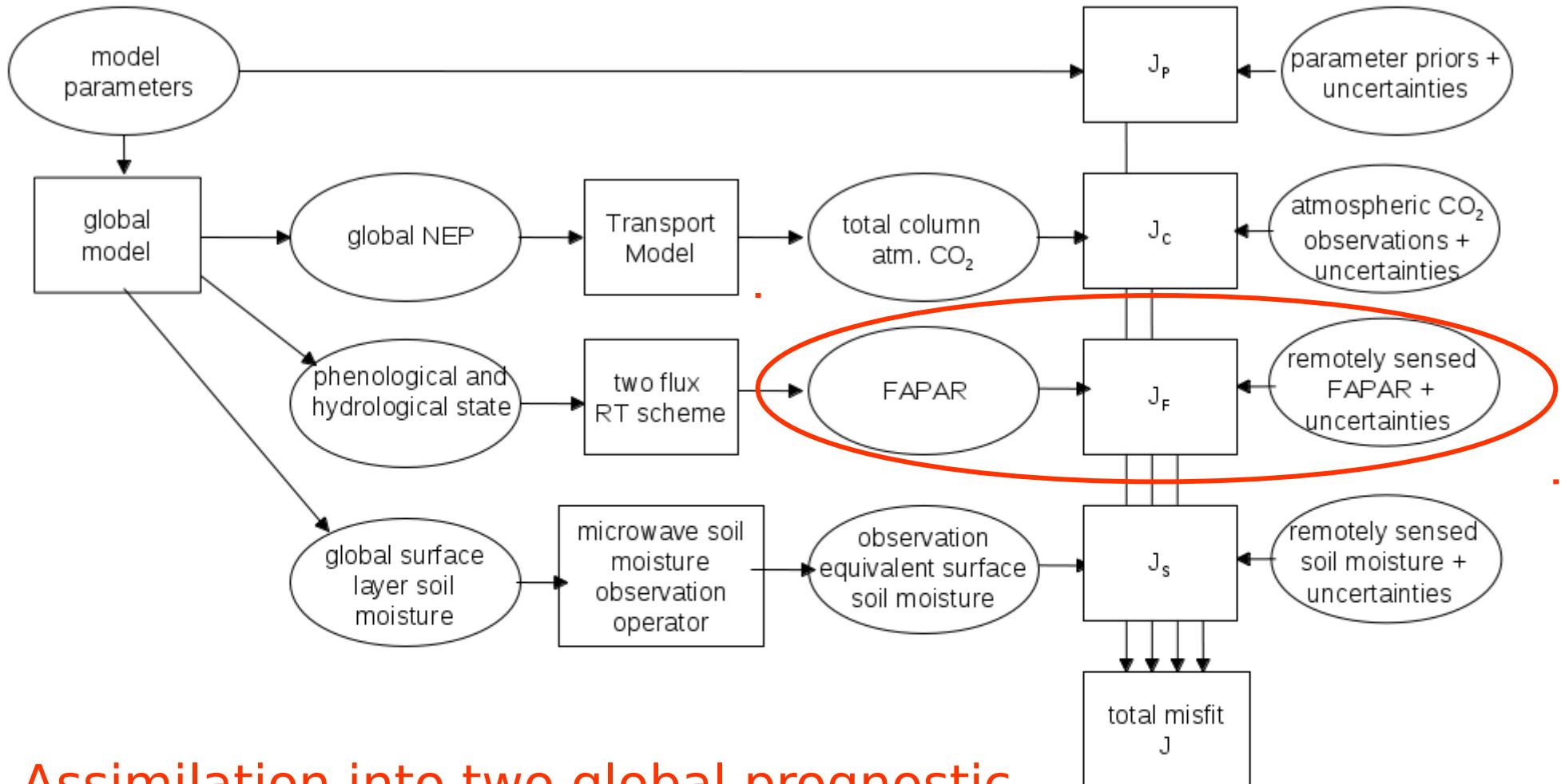
TIP on Globalbedo



TIP on Globalbedo



Assimilation of TIP products



Assimilation into two global prognostic
models of the terrestrial carbon cycle

Summary

- generic retrieval package for land surface variables
 - can control prior assumptions
 - can assimilate any combination of broadband, narrowband or hyperspectral radiation fluxes
 - physically consistent set of products
 - includes estimate of uncertainty ranges, with full covariance across spectral domains and between state variables and fluxes → suitable for data assimilation
 - demonstrated for various albedo input products → MISR, MODIS, Globalbedo (MERIS, VEGETATION, AATSR)
 - validation at site level
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